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Testing Laboratory	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Address:	198 Kezhu Road, Science City, Economic & Technology Develop- ment Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
Applicant's name:	Guangzhou Tianxin Photoelectric Co., Ltd.
Address:	#15-1, Jingu South Avenue, Xiutang Village, Huadong Town, Huadu District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
Test specification:	
Standard	
	EN 62471: 2008
Test procedure:	SGS-CSTC / Test report
Non-standard test method	N/A Set
Test Report Form No	IEC62471A
TRF Originator	VDE Testing and Certification Institute
Master TRF	Dated 2009-05
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Test item description:	LED
Trade Mark:	_
Manufacturer:	Same as applicant
Model/Type reference:	TX-R3A140, TX-G3A14, TX-B3A140, TX-Y3A140, TX-W3A140
Ratings:	DC 600 mA



Testi	ng procedure and testing location:	
$\boxtimes$	Testing Laboratory:	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Test	ing location/ address:	198 Kezhu Road, Science City, Economic & Technology Development Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
	Associated CB Laboratory:	N/A
Test	ing location/ address:	日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日
	Tested by (name + signature):	Simon Chen Chen
	Approved by (+ signature):	Alex Tan
	Testing procedure: TMP	N/A
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (+ signature):	
Test	ing location/ address:	
	Testing procedure: WMT	N/A
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Witnessed by (+ signature):	
	Approved by (+ signature):	
Test	ing location/ address:	
	Testing procedure: SMT	N/A
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (+ signature):	
	Supervised by (+ signature):	
Test	ing location/ address:	
	Testing procedure: RMT	N/A
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (+ signature):	
	Supervised by (+ signature):	
Test	ing location/ address:	



### Summary of testing:

The tests were conducted under 600 mA powered by DC current source.

Models TX-R3A140, TX-G3A14, TX-Y3A140 were tested and found to meet the requirement of Exempt Group according to EN 62471: 2008

Models TX-B3A140, TX-W3A140 were tested and found to meet the requirement of Risk Group 1 according to EN 62471: 2008

The test data is based on report GZES141201504431.

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:
All applicable test items.	198 Kezhu Road, Science City, Economic & Technology Development Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
Summary of compliance with National Differences:	

European Group Differences and National Differences for EN 62471: 2008 were taken into account.

### Copy of marking plate:



Test item particulars		
Tested lamp	: I continuous wave lamps I pulsed lamps	
Tested lamp system:	_	
Lamp classification group:	For models TX-R3A140, TX-G3A14, TX-Y3A140 ⊠ exempt For models TX-B3A140, TX-W3A140 ⊠ risk 1	
Lamp cap	:—	
Bulb	:	
Rated of the lamp:	_	
Furthermore marking on the lamp:	_	
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard::	_	
Used measurement instrument:	_	
Temperature by measurement:	25 ± 5 ℃	
Information for safety use:		
Possible test case verdicts:		
<ul> <li>test case does not apply to the test object</li> </ul>	: N/A	
<ul> <li>test object does meet the requirement</li> </ul>	: P (Pass)	
<ul> <li>test object does not meet the requirement</li> </ul>	: F (Fail)	
Testing:		
Date of receipt of test item	: 2014-12-23	
Date (s) of performance of tests	: 2014-12-23 to 2014-12-29	
General remarks:		
The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested. This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory . "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. Throughout this report a comma (point) is used as the decimal separator. List of test equipment must be kept on file and available for review. When determining for test conclusion, measurement uncertainty of tests has been considered. This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service, available on request or accessible at <a href="http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx">http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx</a> and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at <a href="http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx">http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx</a> . Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the trans- action documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days.		
General product information: Model TX-R3A140 can emit red light when powered. Model TX-G3A14 can emit green light when powered Model TX-B3A140 can emit blue light when powered. Model TX-Y3A140 can emit yellow light when powere Model TX-W3A140 can emit white light when powere	d.	



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IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		N/A
4.1	General		N/A
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		N/A
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds $10^4$ cd m <sup>-2</sup>	see clause 4.3	N/A
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		N/A
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		N/A
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J m <sup>-2</sup> within any 8-hour period		N/A
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ul- traviolet radiation exposure produced by a broad- band source, the effective integrated spectral irra- diance, $E_S$ , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N/A
	$E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$		N/A
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radi- ation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		N/A
	$t_{\max} = \frac{30}{E_s} \qquad s$		N/A
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		N/A
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J m <sup>-2</sup> for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E <sub>UVA</sub> , shall not exceed 10 W m <sup>-2</sup> .		N/A
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radi- ation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		N/A
	$r_{\max} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		N/A
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		N/A
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$ , i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , $L_B$ , shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N/A



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	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad {\rm J} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$	for t $\leq 10^4$ s $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_B}$	N/A
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad {\rm W} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$		N/A
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	9	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye $E_{\lambda}$ , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		N/A
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the inte- grated spectral radiance of the light source, $L_{\lambda}$ , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels de- fined by:		N/A
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}} \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	N/A
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual s	stimulus	N/A
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, $L_{IR}$ , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		N/A
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad W \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		N/A
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, $E_{IR}$ , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		N/A
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0,75} \qquad \rm W \cdot m^{-2}$	t≤1000 s	N/A
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		N/A



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	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \rm W \cdot m^{-2}$	t > 1000 s	N/A
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		N/A
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		N/A
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$		N/A
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	IS	Р
5.1	Measurement conditions		Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		P
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that ex- traneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation		Р
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in ac- cordance with:		Р
	- the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		N/A
	- the manufacturer' s recommendation		Р
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		Р
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	- the appropriate IEC standard, or		N/A
	- the manufacturer' s recommendation		Р
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р



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	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		P
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method		N/A
	The measurements made with an optical system.		N/A
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		N/A
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		Р
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irra- diance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radi- ance measurements.		Р
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р
	The determination of $\alpha$ , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of $\Delta t$ , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear in- terpolation on the log of given values to obtain in- termediate points at the wavelength intervals de- sired.	see table 4.1	P
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		P
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р

6 LAMP CLASSIFICATION	Р	
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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
		1	
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	Р
	<ul> <li>for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either ir- radiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm</li> </ul>		Ρ
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Exempt Group	For models TX-R3A140, TX-G3A14, TX-Y3A140	Р
	In the exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>a near-UV hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>a retinal thermal hazard (L<sub>R</sub>) within 10 s, nor</li> </ul>		Р
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 1000 s</li> </ul>		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)	For models TX-B3A140, TX-W3A140	Р
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the exempt group but that does not pose:		Р
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 10000 s, nor</li> </ul>		Р
	– a near ultraviolet hazard ( $E_{UVA}$ ) within 300 s, nor		Р
	– a retinal blue-light hazard ( $L_B$ ) within 100 s, nor		Р
	– a retinal thermal hazard ( $L_R$ ) within 10 s, nor		Р
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 100 s</li> </ul>		Р
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ( $L_{IR}$ ), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		Р
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict			
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 1000 s exposure, nor</li> </ul>		N/A			
	- a near ultraviolet hazard (E <sub>UVA</sub> ) within 100 s, nor		N/A			
	<ul> <li>a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor</li> </ul>		N/A			
	<ul> <li>a retinal thermal hazard (L<sub>R</sub>) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor</li> </ul>		N/A			
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 10 s</li> </ul>		N/A			
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ( $L_{IR}$ ), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A			
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A			
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A			
6.2	Pulsed lamps					
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A			
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manu- facturer.		N/A			
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A			
	<ul> <li>a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)</li> </ul>		N/A			
	<ul> <li>for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group</li> </ul>		N/A			
	<ul> <li>for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission</li> </ul>		N/A			



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Wavelength¹ λ, nm		UV hazard function S <sub>υν</sub> (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function S <sub>υν</sub> (λ)
200		0,030	313*	0,006
	205	0,051	315	0,003
	210	0,075	316	0,0024
	215	0,095	317	0,0020
	220	0,120	318	0,0016
	225	0,150	319	0,0012
	230	0,190	320	0,0010
	235	0,240	322	0,00067
	240	0,300	323	0,00054
	245	0,360	325	0,00050
	250	0,430	328	0,00044
	254*	0,500	330	0,00041
	255	0,520	333*	0,00037
	260	0,650	335	0,00034
	265	0,810	340	0,00028
	270	1,000	345	0,00024
	275	0,960	350	0,00020
	280*	0,880	355	0,00016
	285	0,770	360	0,00013
	290	0,640	365*	0,00011
	295	0,540	370	0,000093
2	297*	0,460	375	0,000077
	300	0,300	380	0,000064
:	303*	0,120	385	0,000053
	305	0,060	390	0,000044
	308	0,026	395	0,000036
	310	0,015	400	0,000030

<sup>1</sup> Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

\* Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



Clause

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Requirement + Test

Result – Remark

Verdict

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Wavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function Β (λ)	Burn hazard func R (λ)
300	0,01	()
305	0,01	
310	0,01	
315	0,01	
320	0,01	
325	0,01	
330	0,01	
335	0,01	
340	0,01	
345	0,01	
350	0,01	
355	0,01	
360	0,01	
365	0,01	
370	0,01	
375	0,01	
380	0,01	0,1
385	0,013	0,13
390	0,025	0,25
395	0,05	0,5
400	0,10	1,0
405	0,20	2,0
410	0,40	4,0
415	0,80	8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440	1,00	10,0
445	0,97	9,7
450	0,94	9,4
455	0,90	9,0
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0 6,2
470	0,62	
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485	0,40	4,0
490	0,22	2,2
495	0,16	1,6
500-600	10 <sup>[(450-λ)/50]</sup>	1,0
600-700	0,001	1,0
700-1050		10 <sup>[(700-λ)/500]</sup>
1050-1150		0,2
1150-1200		0,2 0,2 <sup>·</sup> 10 <sup>0,02(1150-λ)</sup>



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)						
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in term stant irra W•m	diance
Actinic UV skin & eye		$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 - 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/	t
Eye UV-A		$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	1000 10	
Blue-light small source		$E_{B} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100 1,0	
Eye IR		$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/ <sup>.</sup> 100	
Skin thermal		$E_{H} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 - 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/	t <sup>0,75</sup>

Table 5.5	Sun	mmary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)					
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in te constant r W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	adiance
				0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	10 <sup>6</sup>	/t
Dhua Kabé			000 700	10-100	0,011	10 <sup>6</sup>	/t
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	100-10000	0,0011•√t	10 <sup>6</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup> /t
				≥ 10000	0,1	10	0
Retinal		$I = \Sigma I = D(1) + A$	200 4400	< 0,25	0,0017	50000/(c	(•t <sup>0,25</sup> )
thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(c	(•t <sup>0,25</sup> )
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000	)/α



	IEC 62471					
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict			

Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	s of continuo	us wave lamp	DS				N/A
						Emission M	easurement		·
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	mpt	Low	risk	Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	—	0,003	_	0,03	_
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m⁻²	10	—	33	_	100	—
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100		10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α		28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	6000/α	_	6000/α		6000/α	_
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	100	_	570		3200	_
Skin thermal	—	E <sub>H</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> 20000/t <sup>0.75</sup> —						
	Sinai Souce deined as one with a < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 \$150,1 radian.								



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Attachment: European Group Differences And National Differences of IEC 62471

Clause

Requirement + Test

Result - Remark

Verdict

# ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamps systems

Differences according to	EN 62471:2008
Attachment Form No	EU_GD_IEC62471A
Attachment Originator	IMQ S.p.A.
Master Attachment	2009-07

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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)		
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB		
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:		Р
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended Table 6.1	Р
4.1	General		Р
	First paragraph deleted		



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	Attachment: European Group Difference	ces And National Differences of IEC 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limit For model TX		ips of continu	ous wave lamps (base	ed on EU D	irective 2006	6/25/EC)		Р	
				Emission Measurement						
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exempt		Low	risk	Mod	risk	
	opeenani			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	$S_{UV}(\lambda)$	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	0					
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,33	0					
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	0,3	10000		4000000		
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ε <sub>Β</sub>	W•m⁻²	0,01*		1,0		400		
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	16032	28000/α		71000/α		
Retinal thermal,	P(l)		W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011						
weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L <sub>IR</sub>	wein est	6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1			_			
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	100	0	570		3200		
Skin thermal		Е <sub>н</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	20000/t <sup>0.75</sup>		•	0	•		

\*\* Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

NOTE The action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2

The applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1 The limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2



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	Attachment: European Group Difference	ces And National Differences of IEC 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	For model TX-								
	<b>A</b>				Em	ission Meas	urement		
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exempt		Low	risk	Mod	risk
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	0				
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,33	0				
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	7,7	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ε <sub>B</sub>	W•m⁻²	0,01*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	9504	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal,			W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011					
weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L <sub>IR</sub>	vv•m •sr	6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1			_		
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	100	0	570		3200	
Skin thermal		Е <sub>Н</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	20000/t <sup>0.75</sup>		•	0		

\*\* Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

NOTE The action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2

The applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1 The limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2



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	Attachment: European Group Difference	ces And National Differences of IEC 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	For model TX	-D3A140								
	<b>A</b>				Em	ission Meas	urement			
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exempt		Low	risk	Mod	risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	0					
Near UV	_	E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,33	0,01					
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	241	10000	6239	4000000	_	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ε <sub>Β</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	0,01*		1,0		400		
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	62393	28000/α		71000/α		
Retinal thermal,			W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011						
weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L <sub>IR</sub>	vv•m •sr	6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1						
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	100	0	570		3200		
Skin thermal		Е <sub>Н</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	20000/t <sup>0.75</sup>			0			

\*\* Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

NOTE The action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2

The applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1 The limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2



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	Attachment: European Group Difference	ces And National Differences of IEC 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/EC) P For model TX-Y3A140									
					Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exempt		Low	risk	Mod	risk	
	opeenan			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	0					
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,33	0					
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	0,2	10000		4000000		
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ε <sub>B</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	0,01*		1,0		400		
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	686,7	28000/α	_	71000/α		
Retinal thermal,	R(λ)	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011						
weak visual stimulus**		ТК		6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1						
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	100	0	570		3200		
Skin thermal		Е <sub>Н</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	20000/t <sup>0.75</sup>			0			

Small source defined as one with  $\alpha$  < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.

\*\* Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

NOTE The action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2

The applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1

The limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2



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	Attachment: European Group Difference	ces And National Differences of IEC 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/EC) For model TX-W3A140							Р	
				Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exempt		Low	risk	Mod risk	
	opeenan			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	0				
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,33	0				
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	133	10000	3768,4	4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ε <sub>Β</sub>	W∙m <sup>-2</sup>	0,01*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	42642	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011 6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1					
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	100	0	570		3200	
Skin thermal		Е <sub>н</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	20000/t <sup>0.75</sup>		1	0	1	

Small source defined as one with  $\alpha < 0,011$  radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.

\*\* Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

NOTE The action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2

The applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1

The limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2



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Attachment: Photo documentation



Details of: View for model TX-G3A14





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### Attachment: Photo documentation

 Details of:
 View for model TX-B3A140

 View:
 general

 front
 if front

 rear
 if ight

 left
 if top

 bottom
 if top

Details of:

View for model TX-Y3A140





- End of report -